	Hepatoma Research
1	Supplementary Materials
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3	MASLD-mimicking microenvironment drives an aggressive phenotype and
4	represses IDH2 expression in hepatocellular carcinoma
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27 Supplementary Figure 1. Designing and optimization of the composition of a

28 metabolic medium. (A and B) Accumulation of fat droplets within the cells with

- 29 different concentrations of FFA, and BSA. Represent images taken from conditions
- 30 with increasing ratio of FFA prepared in 1.25% BSA (A), represent images taken from
- conditions with increasing ratio of FFA prepared in 2.5% BSA (B); (C) Testing
- 32 cytotoxic effects of FFA and auxiliary components (BSA, ethanol, insulin, glucose)

- using MTT assay in THLE2 normal hepatocyte cell line; (D) Effect of various fructose
- concentrations on lipid droplet biogenesis in LX-2 cells; (E) Proliferation and cell
- viability assay of LX-2 cells treated with control medium or MM. Scale bar: 50um.
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Supplementary Figure 2. Nile Red staining in LX-2 cells treated with control
condition or MM for 24 h assessed by flow cytometry. At 24 h post MM or control
treatment, cells were collected, fixed in 2% PFA for 20 min at room temperature and
stained with Nile Red (1:200) for 10 min at 37°C (dark). Cells were acquired on
CytoFlex equipped with a blue laser and 4 channels (Beckman-Coulter). Nile Red
staining on the cells was detected using PE (585/42 BP) channel for triglycerides and
PE Cy5.5 (690/50 BP) channel for phospholipids (*n* = 3).

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46 Supplementary Table 1. Primer sequences used in RT-qPCR experiments

Gene	F/R	5' > 3'
RPI 41	F	GAAACCTCTGCGCCATGA
	R	TCTTTCTTCTTTTGCGCTTCA
IDH2	F	TCGTGCGCTCGCTCTG
10112	R	TCCTTTTGTCGGCATAGTGG
aSMA	F	AAAGCAAGTCCTCCAGCGTT
uoinii	R	TTAGTCCCGGGGATAGGCAA
CXCR	F	GGTGGTCTATGTTGGCGTCT
4	R	ACACAACCACCCACAAGTCA

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FAS	F	CAGGCACACGATGGAC
1715	R	CGGAGTGAATCTGGGTTGAT
IL1B	F	GGCCACATTTGGTTCTAAGAAA
	R	TAAATAGGGAAGCGGTTGCTC
		QuantiTect Primer Assay (Qiagen) for TGFB
TGFB1		(QT00000728)

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